

Newsletter, 28th September 2015

Updating of the "Affiliation Agreement", 4th Edition"

In case of a change of window pane supplier, inconsistencies with the energy labelling certificate may sometimes occur.

To avoid having to make new NB calculations, but still make sure that the customers can rely on the marking, a set of tolerance rules will now be introduced, approved by the board of VinduesIndustrien.

We have added a new section on standard window panes in chapter 5 of the Affiliation agreement. It reads as follows:

The standard window pane:

In case of a change by the window pane supplier to the standard window pane stated in the energy labelling certificate, the following rule shall apply:

- *If the E_{ref} and U_w values of the window system exceed the allowed tolerance negatively (-1 kWh/m^2 , $0.05 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$), a new ITC calculation must be made and a new energy labelling certificate must be issued.*
- *If the E_{ref} and U_w values of the window system exceed the allowed tolerance positively ($+ 1 \text{ kWh/m}^2$, $+ 0.05 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$), this shall be allowed.*

It shall not be allowed to market a better energy label A-G than the one stated at any time on the applicable energy labelling certificate.

The new thermal values of the window pane must be incorporated in the calculation of the current thermal properties of the units.

In an external inspection the use of a standard window pane shall be checked on the basis of the requirements stated above. When inspecting the companies' computer programmes for calculation of the current thermal properties of the units, the standard window pane stated in the energy labelling certificate shall be used.

Communication from The Danish Transport and Construction Agency: Postponement of the Building Regulations (BR15)

The entry into force of the Building Regulations (BR15) has been postponed until 1 January 2016.

The regulations were expected to enter into force in August 2015, but the Commission has extended the three month notification period by another three months. The extension of the standstill period is due to a need to clarify the design of the Danish rules to limit the installation of oil and natural gas boilers. The issue is expected to be resolved before the expiry of the standstill period in early November.

After the expiry of the standstill period the Danish Transport and Construction Agency will as soon as possible in November issue BR15 to enter into force as from 1 January 2016. The first half of 2016 will be a transition period. As from 1 July 2016 building and construction according to BR10 will no longer be allowed, and BR15 will thus enter into force definitively.

BR15 implements among other things the tightening of energy requirements for new buildings as from 2015, as agreed at the conclusion of the energy agreement in 2008 between the Liberal government, the Social Democrats, the Danish People's Party, the Socialist People's Party, the Social Liberal Party and New Alliance.

C certificates will not be checked in 2016, and they will be removed from the website after the expiry of the transition period (1 July 2016).

Requirements and consequences of BR15

VinduesIndustrien has revised booklet "Requirements & Consequences"; exclusively dealing with windows and external doors energy ratio to the BR15.

On www.vinduesindustrien.dk can be downloaded both readable and printable Danish version.

Status of the Energy Labelling Scheme

On 23.09.15 26 companies were affiliated to the scheme with a total of 148 certificates.

Best regards

Susanne Jensen
VinduesIndustrien / The Energy Labelling Scheme
info@energivinduer.dk
www.energivinduer.dk

Attached is

Affiliation agreement 4th edition (pdf)
(Requirements and consequences) Krav & konsekvenser 7 (pdf)